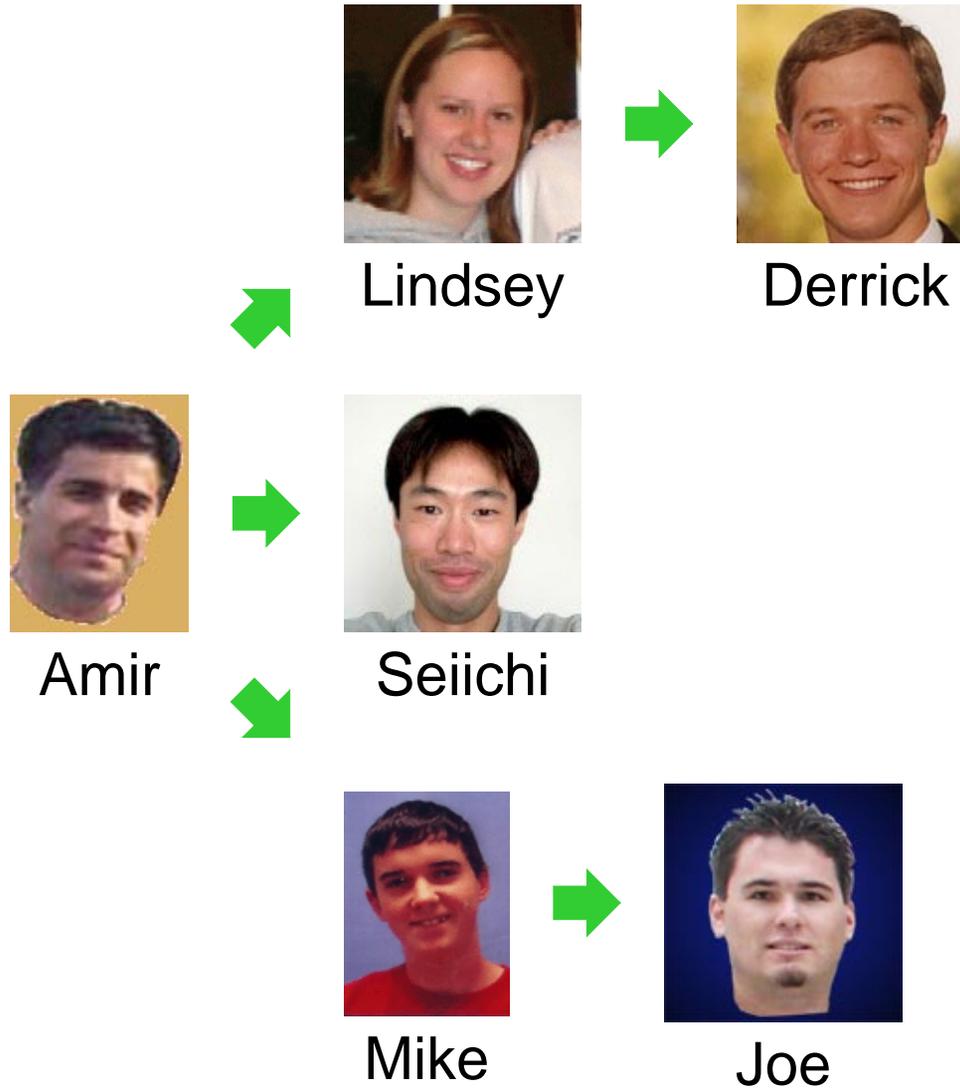
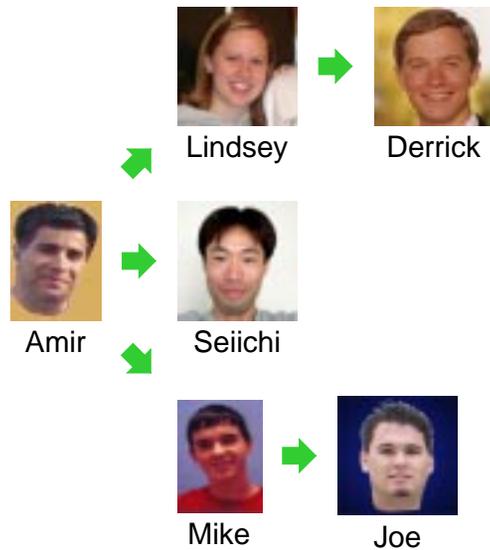


# More Realistic Rumor Mill

Let each gossip talk to any number of people:

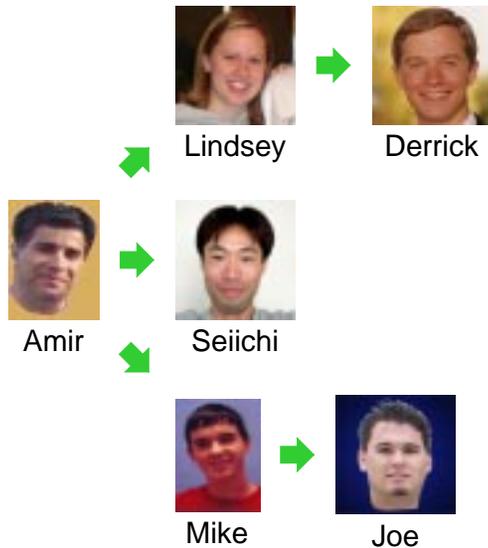


# Representing Revised Rumor Mills



How do we represent an arbitrary number of gossip connections?

# Representing Revised Rumor Mills



How do we represent an arbitrary number of gossip connections?

```
; A list-of-gossip is either  
; - empty  
; - (cons gossip list-of-gossip)  
  
; A gossip is  
; (make-gossip image list-of-gossip)  
(define-struct gossip (who nexts))
```

# Programming with Revised Rumor Mills

```
; A list-of-gossip is either  
;   - empty  
;   - (cons gossip list-of-gossip)  
  
; A gossip is  
;   (make-gossip image list-of-gossip)
```

## Programming with Revised Rumor Mills

```
; A list-of-gossip is either  
;   - empty  
;   - (cons gossip list-of-gossip)  
  
; A gossip is  
;   (make-gossip image list-of-gossip)
```



## Programming with Revised Rumor Mills

```
; A list-of-gossip is either  
;   - empty  
;   - (cons gossip list-of-gossip)  
  
; A gossip is  
;   (make-gossip image list-of-gossip)
```

Two yellow arrows originate from the text 'list-of-gossip' in the first definition. One arrow points to the 'list-of-gossip' parameter in the '(make-gossip ...)' function call in the second definition. The other arrow points to the 'list-of-gossip' parameter in the '(cons gossip list-of-gossip)' expression in the first definition.

## Programming with Revised Rumor Mills

```
; A list-of-gossip is either  
;   - empty  
;   - (cons gossip list-of-gossip)  
  
; A gossip is  
;   (make-gossip image list-of-gossip)
```

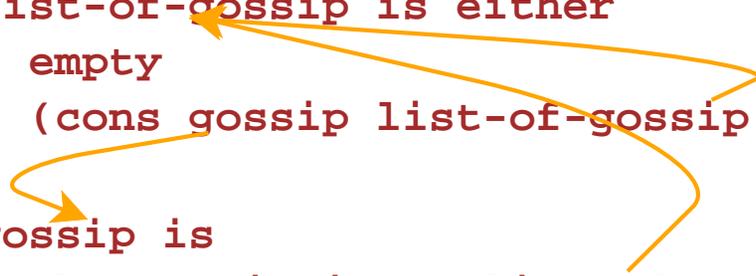


The diagram consists of two yellow arrows. The first arrow starts from the end of the line '(cons gossip list-of-gossip)' and points to the beginning of the line 'A list-of-gossip is either'. The second arrow starts from the end of the line '(make-gossip image list-of-gossip)' and points to the beginning of the line 'A gossip is'.

# Programming with Revised Rumor Mills

```
; A list-of-gossip is either
; - empty
; - (cons gossip list-of-gossip)

; A gossip is
; (make-gossip image list-of-gossip)
```



```
(define (func-for-log l)
  (cond
    [(empty? l) ...]
    [(cons? l)
     ... (func-for-gossip (first l))
     ... (func-for-log (rest l))]))
```

```
(define (func-for-gossip g)
  ... (gossip-who g)
  ... (func-for-log (gossip-nexts g)) ...)
```

## Examples for Revised Rumor Mills

- Implement **count-people**, which takes a gossip and returns the number of people informed by the gossip (including the starting person)
- Implement the function **informed?** which takes a person image and a gossip and determines whether the person is part of the rumor mill
- Implement **remove-person**, which takes a person image and a gossip and returns a gossip where the given person is uninformed

... and any other function for the old rumor mills